Dialogue beween csos, un fund and the

17 MAY 15:00 CET

Sharing experiences, lessons learned and recommendations on land restoration and Sustainable Land Management

DIALOGUE BETWEEN CSOs, LDN FUND and TAF

Webinar May 17th, 2021



Presentation of the LDN Fund



Context for the LDN Fund creation

Limited financial resources available to address land degradation

Achieving Sustainable Development Goals requires 4.5
 trillion dollars per year, UNCTAD 2015

However:

- Annual funding gap for reaching all 17 SDGs by 2030 totals about \$2.5 trillion, World Bank 2018
- Only **166 billion dollars** of **official development finance** flowed on average annually to developing countries in 12-16, *OECD 2017*

Furthermore:

 As compared to other SDGs, SDG 15 suffers more from dearth of resources available.



Source: 'Making Blended Finance Work for the Sustainable Development Goals," OECD 2018



Overview of LDN Financing

Multiple sources of funding are needed

Against this backdrop:

- Attaining Land Degradation Neutrality (LDN) (SDG target 15.3) and Restoring Ecosytem requires a broad range of financing options
- Harnessing the pre-existing landuse and ecosystem restoration finance continues to play a pivotal role
- Important is that innovative hybrid vehicles bring together private sector investors and firms to finance restoration projects



Figure 1: LDN Fund potential financing structure



Timeline

e LDN Fund envir mental and social standard onsultation page

Oct-Nov 2016 Public consultation on E&S standards



Dec 2017 LDN Fund selected at the One Planet Summit



Jan 2019

Inaugural Strategic Board with Exec. Sec. of the 3 Rio Conventions and CSOs Participation to CRIC in Guyana

2020

Adaptation to Covid-19 context, specific webinars, fundraising and deployment



Dec 2015

UNCCD and

Mirova

MoU between

June 2016

Publication of the feasibility study of the fund (inc. on strategy)



Sept 2017

Legal vehicle created, selection of IDH as TAF manager and formal launch at COP13 Ordos



Dec 2018

LDN Fund and TAF become fully operational



Participation to COP14 First Knowledge sharing publication

March 2021

Second Knowledge sharing publication Ldninsights.org Final close at US\$200m









Overview of the LDN Fund and TAF

Main features of the Fund and TAF

- The LDN Fund project was initiated by the Global Mechanism in 2015. After an international selection process, the fund is **independently managed** by Mirova, a private impact fund management company.
- It is an innovative structure, managed by private sector entity, which invests in commercially viable sustainable land management (SLM) and land restoration projects in developing countries. The LDN Fund aims to support entrepreneurs and project developers to scale-up their activities by providing long-term financing.
- It targets positive impacts in terms of land degradation neutrality, climate, biodiversity, fight against poverty and promotion of gender equality. It operates according to **robust environmental and social standards**.
- The Fund is a **blended finance vehicle to attract private sector investors.** Mirova has been able to attract **both public and private investors** (with a majority of private sector funding).
- In addition to long term financing, technical assistance is provided to projects by an associated donor-funded Technical Assistance
 Facility managed by IDH, increasing positive development impacts, reducing ESG risks, and facilitating knowledge sharing.

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Overview of the LDN Fund and TAF

Overall structure



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Presentation of Mirova

The LDN Fund is managed by Mirova

A dedicated natural capital investment platform

- Mirova is an asset manager, affiliate of Natixis Investment Managers, 100% dedicated to sustainable development. Mirova is a French "Société à mission" and is B-Corp labelled
- Based on the successful experience of investing in sustainable activities (including renewable energy, green bonds, and "économie sociale et solidaire"), Mirova has established a platform dedicated to Natural Capital investments
- It manages several funds, with teams of experts based in Paris, London, Lima, Sao Paulo and Singapore.



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COMMUNAUTÉ DES ENTREPRISES

A MISSION

Environmental and Social standards

Environmental and social management system

- Global system to assess and monitor investments, based on two pillars: (i) positive impact required ('do good') and (ii) risk management ('avoid doing harm')
- Projects need to comply with robust E&S standards, developed with an independent expert and benefited from a public consultation
- Combined with a Complaint and Compliance Mechanism to ensure that project-affected populations have formal ways to voice their concerns

Content of the E&S Standards

requires that projects abide by the IFC Performance Standards, ILO's core conventions and Voluntary Guidelines on the Responsible Governance of Tenure of Land, Fisheries and Forests (VGGT)

They also include:

- Comply with national laws and legislation
- Aim for internationally recognized sustainability certification e.g. Fairtrade, Organic, Rainforest Alliance
- Develop and implement an ESMS based on an assessment of their social, health & safety and environmental risks and impacts
- Ensure there is no net loss of income or livelihoods
- Have a comprehensive stakeholder engagement process including FPIC where required under IFC PS 7
- Drive conservation of natural habitats and wild species of local and international importance
- Provide employment that pays a living wage
- Have a grievance mechanism with recourse to independent mediation
- Operate with transparency and good governance



Examples of certifications targeted:





Strictly confidential

Alignment with SDG 15.3

A parallel action / initiative

- The Fund project started before the LDN conceptual framework, the LDN Target Setting program and the LDN Transformative Projects and Programs were finalized
- Continuous interactions and synergies are sought (the Fund remains independent from the GM)

Contributing to SDG 15.3, via the LDN target and other restoration initiatives:

- LDN Fund aims at contributing to the achievement of LDN targets
- Other related national commitments, such as Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) under the UNFCCC and restoration targets (WRI 20x20, AFR100, etc.)

Translating the LDN conceptual framework into practice:

- The LDN Fund aims at translating the principles of the LDN Scientific Conceptual Framework, developed by the UNCCD Science and Policy Interface into practice,
- LDN Impact Monitoring Methodology has been finalized: IDH and Mirova, in partnership with Conservation International, OpenGeoHub, developed a monitoring tool to measure the impact of the LDN Fund projects – please see the link <u>here</u>





What types of activities are targeted?

• Activities contributing to the LDN objective:



Interventions to avoid and prevent land degradation: This applies to land that is not degraded and intact natural systems. Interventions are mainly SLM, sustainable forest management (SFM) and practices that conserve soil fertility (nutrients, organic matter), minimize disturbance and erosion, and avoid contamination. Practices include: wise chemical inputs, reduced/zero tillage, crop rotations, retaining residues, green manure cropping, organic amendments, sustainable biochar, pasture phase, agroforestry, intercropping, permaculture, modifying logging practices to avoid future degradation, law enforcement, awareness-raising and capacity building.

Interventions that reduce land degradation: These can be conducted on partly degraded lands with reduced productivity. Such interventions constitute mainly SLM and SFM practices with a greater intensity than for avoiding and preventing land degradation. Interventions include, inter alia, organic matter addition, pasture phase, cattle rotation, fencing management, water conservation, active measures to reduce soil erosion (e.g., contour banks, vegetated hedges, wind breaks, terraces, etc.) and correct degrading processes (such as acidification and salinization through liming and strategic reforestation, respectively).

Reverse by restoring and rehabilitating: These interventions are to be implemented on degraded and unproductive land. Interventions consist of substantial (possibly transformational) interventions to enhance productivity, such as high rates of organic amendment (compost, manure) to build nutrient levels and biological activity; amendments to address soil limitations, e.g., lime, gypsum, clay (to sandy soils), biochar, water harvesting, etc.; and interventions geared towards restoring vegetative cover through agroforestry, afforestation, reforestation or mine reclamation practices, among others.



Presentation of the LDN TAF



The LDN Technical Assistance Facility – 2 years

Aims

The LDN TAF supports the LDN Fund and its impacts by:

- Investment readiness support to projects;
- Strengthening social and environmental impacts and reducing risks of investment projects;
- **Data for KPI monitoring**, in line with SDG (15.3)
- Sharing learnings and knowledge with wider community



Multiple mandates

Cross-learning, efficiency, effectiveness

Fund an	Fund and Technical Assistance Facilities		Impact targets	
Farmfit Fund	Farmfit Fund Farmfit Business Support and Intelligence Center	Improve the lives and incomes of 3m smallholder farmers		
Land Degradation Neutrality (LDN) Fund	Land Degradation Neutrality Fund Technical Assistance Facility (€5M)		0,000 hectares verted to SLM	
	AGRI3 Fund Technical Assistance Facility (€5M)		2 astanable produtore	
&	&Green Fund Technical Assistance Facility (€2M)	S million hectares of tropical forest protected, conserved or restored	500,000 households benefitting from the Fund through enhanced yields and incomes, creation of jobs and/or other income- generating opportunities	







United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification







Strictly confidential

Overview of the LDN TAF

Technical Assistance Facilities' Services: what do our TAF services support







Innovative business models

Highlighting the diversity

Diversity in

- *Crops* range, often focus on primary cash crop as part of (agroforestry/ combined conservation) system
- Inclusion business model range from smallholders to aggregated cooperatives to plantations with outgrower schemes
- *Link with public priorities* range from no-objection to contribution to building case for more public private partnership in priority region
- Land use and contribution to LDN; wide range from nationwide to municipality to plantation





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Some reflections on TA and project development stages

Mix of grants and repayable grants

stage, or may be more suitable for other investors)

Cost-sharing required

Pre-investment			Post-investment	
Ea	rly stage pipeline development	Advanced stage pipeline development	(phased) implementation	
•	TAF identify the gaps in the business model, and design TA approach with input of Fund	 Identify the investment readiness gaps Often focused short term TA designed in close 	TA needs assessment	
•	Examples: Developing agroforestry cropmix, FPIC and partnerships with land owning communities, outgrower scheme, develop business plan for upscaling	Often focussed, short term TA, designed in close consultation with LDNF and their ESG team, where TAF adds "maximising impacts' component	Capacity gaps and maximising impacts	
•	Phased TA based on milestones, (bi)-annual meetings with LDNF	Closer to Fund core processes, business timelines and considerations, higher 'break down risk' for TAF team (the project does not continue in LDNF investment process	Need for incubation / seed capital stage	
•	Longer timelines, TAF team adaptive management, high "break down risk" for the fund (the project may not make it to the investment	for reasons beyond control of the TAF)		



Link with LDN target setting and LDN indicator

Each project in which the Fund invests sets baseline and reports on achievement of LDN

TAF supports in informing and linking with national government



https://www.idhsustainabletrade.com/ publication/land-degradationneutrality-impact-monitoringmethodology/







Examples of projects supported



What types of operators are targeted?

A new generation of entrepreneurs is emerging

- Proven business models needing to be scaled-up
- New restoration economy being developed with entrepreneurs attracting talents
- Strong market demand for sustainable products and carbon neutrality creates opportunities for land project operators





LDN Fund's investment criteria

Land-based projects targeted by the LDN Fund

Impact criteria

- Contribution to Land Degradation Neutrality: Projects should demonstrate how they avoid/reduce/reverse land degradation. (e.g. sustainable agriculture and forestry practices, such as agroecology, agroforestry, etc.)
- Environmental & social benefits: Projects should benefit local communities and ecosystems.
- Environmental & social (E&S) risk management: Projects will have to comply with robust E&S standards.
- Additionality: The fund will support projects that traditional funders or banks do not provide suitable financing for.
- Scale: Projects should positively impact a large area and/or have a significant replicability potential.

Financial/Risk criteria

Projects must demonstrate the ability to be **commercially viable and** generate economic/financial returns starting within around 5 to 7 years, with an appropriate risk profile and management:

- There should already be a track record and a detailed business model showing the revenues and costs for the project, with a clear link to value chains. Agronomy as well as operations and governance aspects are also critical.
- The LDN initiative is not designed to finance pilot-projects; potential projects should have completed a successful pilot/feasibility phase and be looking to scale up

Detailed investment criteria and process can be found on the following link: <u>https://www.mirova.com/sites/default/files/2020-08/Guidance%20for%20project%20developers.pdf</u>.



LDN Fund and TAF's portfolio





LEARNING BRIEF

INCLUSIVE INVESTMENTS IN SUSTAINABLE LAND MANAGEMENT TO HELP ACHIEVE LAND DEGRADATION NEUTRALITY

New insights from the Land Degradation Neutrality Fund and Technical Assistance Facility

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Further details on: <u>http://ldninsights.com</u>



LEARNING BRIEF

INCLUSIVE INVESTMENTS IN NATURE TO ACHIEVE LAND DEGRADATION NEUTRALITY

New insights from the Land Degradation Neutrality Fund and Technical Assistance Facility





February 2021 public launch



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PROTECTING LAND FROM DEGRADATION AND IMPROVING **RURAL LIVELIHOODS THROUGH HAZELNUT** PRODUCTION IN BHUTAN

Mountain Hazelnuts

POST-INVESTMENT

BUSINESS MODEL:

HazeInut production

FINANCING:

Profit-sharing loan of US \$9 million to further scale up operations

PROJECTED IMPACTS:



10 million hazelnut trees planted on fallow or degraded land, now projected to contribute to LDN

1.5 MtCO2eq sequestered

15,000 households with doubled incomes, and at least half of which are women-led households.





1. LDN baseline and impact monitoring, rainwater harvesting technologies, drones for mapping and orchard maintenance optimization, small-scale equipment, Rainforest Alliance certification. 2. Third-party expert advice; soil and leaf analysis to optimize inputs/training provided to trainers; cost-sharing of dryer units.



Pre-investment TA example | Ecookim, Côte d'Ivoire

Ecookim Coop-Ca

Business model Ecookim Coop-Ca, a cross-country Union of Cooperatives operating in Côte d'Ivoire, aims to support income-generating opportunities for their cooperative members and restoration of degraded lands through large-scale transition towards fit-for-purpose cocoa agroforestry systems. Links to REDD+ are being explored to potentially add revenue options.





Technical Assistance

- Establish the business model and feasibility for Ecookim cocoa producing members to transition to an agroforestry system, and determine the investment needed to facilitate this transition at scale
- Analysis of the most suitable structure for Ecookim to receive and manage the investment, including assessment of local bank partnership options







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